

Newsletter - April 2022

Farm Service Agency | Natural Resources Conservation Service | Risk Management Agency

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USDA Encourages Producers to Enroll in Grassland CRP

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) encourages producers and landowners to enroll in the Grassland Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) starting April 4, 2022 through May 13, 2022. Grassland CRP provides a unique opportunity for farmers, ranchers, and agricultural landowners to keep land in agricultural production and supplement their income while improving their soils and permanent grass cover. The program had its highest enrollment in history in 2021 and is part of the Biden-Harris Administration's broader effort to equip producers with the tools they need to help address climate change and invest in the long-term health of our natural resources.

<u>Grassland CRP</u> is a federally funded voluntary working lands program. Through the program, USDA's Farm Service Agency (FSA) provides annual rental payments to landowners to maintain and conserve grasslands while allowing producers to graze, hay, and produce seed on that land. Maintaining the existing permanent cover provides several benefits, including reducing erosion, providing wildlife habitat and migration corridors, and capturing and maintaining carbon in the soil and cover.

FSA provides participants with annual rental payments and cost-share assistance. The annual rental rate varies by county with a national minimum rental rate of \$13 per acre for this signup. Contract duration is 10 or 15 years.

Alongside Grassland CRP, producers and landowners can also enroll acres in Continuous CRP under the ongoing sign up, which includes projects available through the Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program (CREP) and State Acres for Wildlife Enhancement (SAFE).

Broadening Reach of Program

As part of the Agency's Justice40 efforts, producers and landowners who are historically underserved, including beginning farmers and military veterans, will receive 10 additional ranking points to enhance their offers.

Additionally, USDA is working to broaden the scope and reach of Grassland CRP by leveraging the <u>Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program</u> (CREP) to engage historically underserved communities. CREP is a partnership program that enables states, Tribal governments, non-profit, and private entities to partner with FSA to implement CRP practices and address high priority conservation and environmental objectives. Interested entities are encouraged to contact FSA.

More Information on CRP

Landowners and producers interested in Grassland CRP should contact their local <u>USDA Service Center</u> to learn more or to apply for the program before the May 13 deadline. Additionally, fact sheets and other resources are available at <u>fsa.usda.gov/crp</u>.

Signed into law in 1985, CRP is one of the largest voluntary private-lands conservation programs in the United States. The working lands signup announced today demonstrates how much it has evolved from the original program that was primarily intended to control soil erosion and only had the option to take enrolled land out of production. The program has expanded over the years and now supports a greater variety of conservation and wildlife benefits, along with the associated economic benefits.

Conservation at Work Videos



NRCS's *Conservation at Work* videos shine a spotlight on the application of popular conservation practices.

The short videos feature farmers, ranchers, and forestland owners from across the U.S., and the NRCS conservationists they work with, share in their own words why they've implemented conservation practice and how the practice works on the land. They also provide insight into how each practice is helping

them protect and improve resources and save time and money.

Producers in the Pacific Islands Area will find videos showcasing high tunnels, microirrigation, rotation, brush management, and prescribed grazing especially interesting. Check out the *Conservation at Work* video series at <u>farmers.gov/conserve/conservationatwork</u>.

Disaster Assistance for 2022 Livestock Forage Losses

Producers in Hawaii and Maui Counties are eligible to apply for 2022 Livestock Forage Disaster Program (LFP) benefits on native or improved pasture.

LFP provides compensation if you suffer grazing losses for covered livestock due to drought on privately owned or cash leased land or fire on federally managed land.

County committees can only accept LFP applications after notification is received by the National Office of qualifying drought or if a federal agency prohibits producers from grazing normal permitted livestock on federally managed lands due to qualifying fire. You must complete a CCC-853 and the required supporting documentation no later than January 31, 2023, for 2022 losses.

For additional information about LFP, including eligible livestock and fire criteria, contact the Hawaii County USDA Service Center at 808-933-8338, the Maui County USDA Service Center at 808-871-5500 or visit <u>fsa.usda.gov</u>.

Hawaii and Maui Counties are Eligible for Emergency Loans

Hawaii and Maui County was declared a primary disaster due drought and heat using the Secretarial Disaster Designation process. Under this designation, if you have operations in any primary or contiguous county, you are eligible to apply for low interest emergency loans.

Emergency loans help you recover from production and physical losses due to drought, flooding and other natural disasters or quarantine.

You have eight months from the date of the declaration to apply for emergency loan assistance. FSA will consider each loan application on its own merits, taking into account the extent of losses, security available and repayment ability. You can borrow up to 100 percent of actual production or physical losses, to a maximum amount of \$500,000.

For more information about emergency loans, contact your Hawaii County USDA Service Center at 808-933-8381 ext 2, the Maui County USDA Service Center at 808-871-5500 ext 2 or visit <u>fsa.usda.gov</u>.



USDA website:https://www.usda.gov/ Farmer.gov website: <u>https://www.farmers.gov/</u>

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